

IN THE CLAIMS:

1. (Currently Amended) A ~~video indexing device configured for receiving a video scene having multiple frames and forming a descriptor, embodied within a computer-readable medium.~~ said descriptor being ~~that is~~ configured to represent, from a video indexing viewpoint, motions of a camera or any kind of observer or observing device, ~~said descriptor being configured for flexibility with respect to how many frames are to be retrieved from a database, and, in particular, to cover the case of one frame, configured to represent the motions within any sequence of one or more frames~~frame of a video sequence, and, to cover the case of more than one frame, configured to represent any series comprised of a plurality of frames of the video scene~~sequence~~, ~~said the motions represented in said descriptor comprising, for said any one frame and for said series, respectively, at least one of the following basic motion types: fixed, panning (horizontal rotation), tracking (horizontal transverse movement, also called traveling in the film language), tilting (vertical rotation), booming (vertical transverse movement), zooming (changes of the focal length), dollying (translation along the optical axis) and rolling (rotation around the optical axis), or any combination of at least two or more of these operationstypes, whereinsaid descriptor being further configured such that each of said motions representedmotion types, except fixed, is oriented and subdivided, in the representation, into two components that stand for two different directions, magnitudes of the respective components each correspondingand represented by means of a histogram having a dependent variable with values that each correspond to a respective predefined size of displacement, the sizes being corresponding values of a dependent variable that defines a histogram for the descriptor.~~

2. (Currently Amended) The descriptordevice of claim 1, wherein each motion type, assumed to be independent, has its own speed described, in said descriptor, in an unified way by choosing a common unit to represent it.
3. (Currently Amended) The descriptordevice of claim 2, in which each motion type speed is represented by a pixel-displacement value working at the half-pixel accuracy.
4. (Currently Amended) The devicedescriptor of claim 3, in which, in order to work with integer values, speeds are rounded to the closest half-pixel value and multiplied by 2.
5. (Currently Amended) The devicedescriptor of Claim 1, wherein a description afforded by said descriptor is hierarchical, by means of a representation of the motion handled at any temporal granularity.
6. (Currently Amended) The descriptordevice of claim 4, wherein given a temporal window of the video datasequence $[n_0, n_0 + N]$ (N is the total number of frames of the window) and the speeds of each motion type for each frame, the number of frames $N_{\text{motion_type}}$ in which each motion type has a significant speed is computed and the temporal presence is represented by a percentage, defined as follows:

$$T_{\text{type of motion}} = N_{\text{type of motion}} / N$$

the temporal presence of all the possible motions being then represented by a MotionTypesHistogram said histogram in which thesaid values, between 0 and 100, correspond to a percentage, thesaid values being only 0 or 100, depending on the fact that

the given movement is present or not in the frame, when the window is reduced to a single frame.

7. (Currently Amended) An image retrieval system comprising a camera for the acquisition of video sequences, a video indexing device, asaid database, a graphical user interface for carrying out a requested retrieval from thesaid database, and a video monitor for displaying the retrieved information, an indexing operation within said video indexing device being based on categorization resulting from the use of said descriptor of claim 1.

8. (Currently Amended) The descriptordevicee of claim 1, wherein the histogram has an independent variable with values that form pairs, each pair configured to each correspondcorresponding to a different one of said motion types.

9. (Currently Amended) The devicedescriptor of claim 8, wherein the histogram is configured according to the equation:

$$T_{\text{type of motion}} = N_{\text{type of motion}} / N$$

wherein the subscript “type of motion” represents the independent variable, N represents the number of the frames that are within a window, and $N_{\text{type of motion}}$ represents the number of frames within the window that have the one of the motion types represented by said subscript.

10. (Currently Amended) A computer program product comprising a computer-readable medium having a computer program comprising a sequence of instructions for: creating the descriptor of claim 1
— receiving a video scene having multiple frames; and

— forming a descriptor that is configured to represent, from a video indexing viewpoint, motions of a camera or any kind of observer or observing device within any sequence of one or more frames of the video scene, said motions comprising at least one of the following basic motion types: fixed, panning (horizontal rotation), tracking (horizontal transverse movement, also called traveling in the film language), tilting (vertical rotation), booming (vertical transverse movement), zooming (changes of the focal length), dollying (translation along the optical axis) and rolling (rotation around the optical axis), or any combination of at least two of these operations, wherein each of said motion types, except fixed, is oriented and subdivided into two components that stand for two different directions, and represented by means of a histogram having a dependent variable with values that each correspond to a respective predefined size of displacement.

11. (Previously Presented) The product of claim 10, wherein the histogram has an independent variable with values that form pairs, each pair corresponding to each correspond to a different one of said motion types.

12. (Currently Amended) The deviceproduct of claim 11, wherein the histogram is configured according to the equation:

$$T_{\text{type of motion}} = N_{\text{type of motion}} / N$$

wherein the subscript “type of motion” represents the independent variable, N represents the number of the frames that are within a window, and $N_{\text{type of motion}}$ represents the number of frames within the window that have the one of the motion types represented by said subscript.

13. (New) The system of claim 7, wherein said retrieval is based on said descriptor serving as a query into the database.

14. (New) The descriptor of claim 1, wherein said descriptor, upon being utilized as a query into a database, includes a predetermined temporal window of the video data $[n_0, n_0 + N]$ (N is the total number of frames of the window).

15. (New) The descriptor of claim 14, configured with flexibility as to a size of said window, so that, in said case of one frame, the window size is one, and, in said case of more than one frame, the window size is greater than one.

16. (New) The database of claim 4, configured to query said N frames of the database in response to said descriptor.

17. (New) Said database of claim 1, configured to be queried by the descriptor of claim 1.

18. (New) A video indexing device, configured to carry out a data indexing method based on a categorization that affords querying of said database by said descriptor of claim 1, said database storing data resulting from said categorization.

19. (New) The descriptor of claim 1, formatted to comprise a starting point of said video sequence, an ending point of said video sequence, a temporal presence of each of said motion types, and a respective speed magnitude for each of said motion types.

20. (New) The descriptor of claim 19, further formatted to be associated with successive time periods.

21. (New) A method of querying the database of claim 1, comprising:
entering the descriptor of claim 1; and
providing the entered descriptor to said database to allow the retrieving from said database.